1	The opinion in support of the decision being entered
2	today is not binding precedent of the Board
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4	UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
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6	
7	BEFORE THE BOARD OF PATENT APPEALS
8	AND INTERFERENCES
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11	Ex parte JOSE FEDIDA
12	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
13	1 2007 2266
14	Appeal 2007-2366
15	Application 09/526,547
16	Technology Center 3700
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18 19	Decided: August 29, 2007
20	Decided. Adgust 29, 2007
21	
22	Before: WILLIAM F. PATE, III, MURRIEL E. CRAWFORD and
23	JENNIFER D. BAHR, Administrative Patent Judges.
24	• — · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
25	CRAWFORD, Administrative Patent Judge.
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28	DECISION ON APPEAL
29	
30	STATEMENT OF CASE
	A 11 1 4 25 IJ C C
31	Appellant appeals under 35 U.S.C. § 134 (2002) from a final rejection
32	of claims 18, 19, and 21 to 30 and 32 to 39. We have jurisdiction under 35
33	U.S.C. § 6(b) (2002). An oral hearing was held on this case on August 8,
34	2007.

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1	Appellants' invention relates to a structure of a prosthesis intended to
2	be implanted in a human or animal passage, and to a prosthesis with such a
3	structure. (Specification 1).
4	Claim 18 under appeal reads as follows:
5	18. A structure of a prosthesis intended to be implanted
6	in a human or animal passage to provide through-passage along
7	said passage, said structure comprising:
8	at least one mesh which, at least in part, is approximately
9	cylindrical and comprises at least one corrugated filament
10	forming approximately annular units linked together, at least
11 12	some corrugations of said corrugated filament of two respective adjacent units of said annular units being linked together by a
13	plurality of linking means, wherein at least some of said linking
14	means comprise links which are made as a rigid piece,
15	wherein each of said links is provided with a sole central
16	portion and two loops, one loop at each of the ends of said
17	central portion,
18	wherein each of said two loops allows (a) a first shape of
19	an arc of a circle prior to linking and (b) a second shape of an
20	entirely closed loop, in the linking position,
21	wherein each of the two closed loops of each of said links
22	entraps, in said linking position, with some clearance, a
23	respective one of two of said corrugations, which are to be
24	linked together.
25	
26	

1	The Examiner reje	ected claims 18, 19, 22, 26,	27, 29, 30, 33, 37 and 38
2	under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by Go	oicoechea or in the
3	alternative under 35 U.S	.C. § 103 as being unpatent	able over Goicoechea.
4	The Examiner rej	ected claims 23, 28, 34 and	39 under 35 U.S.C.
5	§ 103 as being unpatenta	able over Goicoechea.	
6	The Examiner rejected claims 21, 24, 25, 32, 35 and 36 under 35		
7	U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over Goicoechea in view of Lau. 1		
8	The prior art relied upon by the Examiner in rejecting the claims on		
9	appeal is:		
10	Goicoechea	US 5,609,627	Mar. 11, 1997
11	Lau	US 5,873,906	Feb. 23, 1999
12 13	Appellant contend	ls that Goicoechea fails to d	isclose or suggest a link
14	with a sole central portion	on and two loops, one at eac	h end of the central
15	portion wherein each of	the loops entraps, in said lir	nking position with some
16	clearance a respective or	ne of two corrugations which	h are to be linked
17	together.		
18			
19		ISSUES	
20	Whether the Appe	llant has shown that the Exa	aminer erred in finding
21	that Goicoechea disclose	es or suggests a link with tw	o loops which each
22	entrap one of two corrug	ations with some clearance.	
23 24			

¹ The Examiner has withdrawn the rejection of claims 29 and 40 under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph (Answer p. 10).

1	FINDINGS OF FACT
2	Appellants' invention relates to a prosthesis which is intended for
3	implantation into a human or animal passage (Specification p. 7). The
4	prosthesis includes corrugated units UA to be linked by links 5
5	(Specification p. 8; Fig. 1). The links comprise two loops B1 and B2 which
6	when closed entrap and thereby link one of two corrugated units UA with
7	some clearance so that the corrugated units can move freely (Specification p.
8	8, Figs. 1 and 2).
9	Goicoechea discloses a prosthesis intended for implantation into a
10	human or animal passage (col. 1, ll 13 to 15). The prosthesis is comprised of
11	corrugated units which may be connected by a staple (col. 9, ll 58 to 61; Fig.
12	4F). Goicoechea does not disclose the structure of the staple. Figure 4F
13	does not depict the staple as formed by two loops each of which entraps one
14	of two corrugated units to be connected. In fact, it appears from Figure 4F
15	that the staple is formed by only one loop. In addition, Goicoechea does not
16	disclose or depict that the corrugated units are joined with some clearance.
17	Lau does not disclose or suggest links comprised of two loops which
18	when closed entrap and thereby link one of two corrugated units with some
19	clearance so that the corrugated units can move freely.
20	
21	DISCUSSION
22	We will not sustain the Examiner's rejections. Each of the
23	independent claims requires a link with two loops, each loop linking one of
24	two corrugated units with some clearance. Goicoechea does not disclose,
25	nor does it suggest such a link. Each of the rejections of the Examiner

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1	relies on Goicochea for teaching the claimed link. Lau does not cure the
2	deficiencies of Goicochea.
3	The decision of the Examiner is reversed.
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5	REVERSED
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